

ability to pay the filing fee and prosecute the lawsuit. A plaintiff seeking in forma pauperis standing must respond fully to the questions on the Court's in forma pauperis form and execute the affidavit in compliance with the certification requirements contained in 28 U.S.C. § 1746. See, e.g., Flippin v. Coburn, 107 Fed. Appx. 520 (6th Cir. Aug. 13, 2004); Reynolds v. Federal Bur. of Prisons, 30 Fed. Appx. 574 (6th Cir. Mar. 11, 2002); Broque v. Fort Knox Fed. Credit Union, No. 86-1896, 1997 WL 242043 (6th Cir. May 8, 1997).

In this case, the plaintiff's motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis establishes that he is employed but discloses no information about his weekly or monthly income. The information provided by the plaintiff is, therefore, insufficient to permit the Court to conclude that he is indigent and unable to pay the filing fee or to give security therefor.

Accordingly, the plaintiff is ORDERED, within thirty (30) days of the date of entry of this order, either to pay the \$250 civil filing fee or to file a properly completed in forma pauperis affidavit that is executed in compliance with 28 U.S.C. § 1746. Failure timely to comply with this order will result in dismissal of this action, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b), for failure to prosecute.

The Clerk is ORDERED to mail the plaintiff a copy of the nonprisoner in forma pauperis affidavit along with this order.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 16th day of March, 2006.

s/ SAMUEL H. MAYS, JR.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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